

# COBRA

## General Notice of COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights

### Introduction

You are receiving this notice because you have recently become covered under one or more group health plans. The plan (or plans) under which you have become covered are listed at the end of this notice and are referred to collectively in this notice as “the plan.” **This notice contains important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the plan. This notice generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it.**

When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you when you would otherwise lose your group health coverage. It can also become available to other members of your family who are covered under the plan when they would otherwise lose their group health coverage. For more information about your rights and obligations under the plan and under federal law, you should review the plan’s summary plan description or contact the Plan Administrator for the plan. You will find the name, address and telephone number of the Plan Administrator at the end of this notice.

**You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage.** For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse’s plan), even if that plan generally doesn’t accept late enrollees.

### What is COBRA Continuation Coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event known as a “qualifying event.” Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person

who is a “qualified beneficiary.” You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the plan is lost because of the qualifying event. However, you and your family members are not entitled to COBRA coverage if you are employed as a nonresident alien who received no U.S. source income. Under the plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

### What are Qualifying Events for a Covered Employee?

If you are a covered employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the plan because either one of the following qualifying events happens:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

### What are Qualifying Events for a Covered Spouse?

If you are the spouse of a covered employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the plan because any of the following qualifying events happens:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse’s hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your spouse becomes enrolled in Medicare (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced from your spouse.

If your spouse cancels your coverage under the plan in anticipation of divorce and a divorce later occurs, the divorce may be considered a qualifying event even though you actually lost coverage under the plan earlier. If you timely notify the Plan Administrator of the divorce and can establish that the covered employee canceled your coverage under the plan in anticipation of divorce, COBRA coverage may be available to you beginning on the date of your divorce (but not for the period between the date your coverage ended and the date of the divorce). See the rules below under **“You Must Give Notice of Some Qualifying Events”** regarding your obligation to provide timely notice to the Plan Administrator and the procedures for doing so.

## What are Qualifying Events for Covered Dependent Children?

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the plan because any of the following qualifying events happens:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes enrolled in Medicare (under Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced; or
- The child is no longer eligible for coverage under the plan as a "dependent child."

A child of the covered employee or former employee who is receiving benefits under the plan pursuant to a qualified medical child support order is entitled to the same rights under COBRA as a dependent child of the covered employee. A child born to, adopted by or placed for adoption with a former employee during the period of COBRA coverage may also be a qualified beneficiary if the former employee is a qualified beneficiary who has elected COBRA coverage.

## Additional Qualifying Event for Covered Retirees

If the plan provides retiree health coverage, sometimes filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States Code can be a qualifying event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to the employer sponsoring the plan, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage of any retired employee covered under the plan, the retired employee will become a qualified beneficiary with respect to the bankruptcy. The retired employee's spouse, surviving spouse, and dependent children will also become qualified beneficiaries if bankruptcy results in the loss of their coverage under the plan.

## When is COBRA Coverage Available?

The plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, death of the employee, commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer if the plan provides retiree health coverage, or the employee's becoming enrolled in Medicare (under Part A, Part B, or both), the employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the qualifying event. You Must Give Notice of Some Qualifying Events

For the other qualifying events (divorce of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must timely notify the Plan Administrator in writing (using the procedures specified in the paragraph below entitled "Qualifying Event Notice Procedures") within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs or within 60 days after the date on which coverage would be lost because of the event, whichever is later. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the Plan Administrator during the 60-day notice period, any spouse or dependent child who loses coverage under the plan will not be offered the option to elect COBRA coverage as a result of these qualifying events.

**Qualifying Event Notice Procedures:** Any notice of a qualifying event that you provide must be *in writing*. Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable. You must mail or hand deliver your notice to the Plan Administrator identified at the end of this notice. Your notice must be received by the Plan Administrator, identified at the end of this notice, no later than the last day of the required 60-day notice period unless you mail it. If mailed, your notice must be postmarked no later than the last day of the required 60-day period. The notice you provide must state:

- the name of the plan or plans under which you lost or are losing coverage,
- the name and address of the employee covered under the plan,
- the name(s) and address(es) of the qualified beneficiary(ies), and
- the qualifying event and the date of the qualifying event.

If the qualifying event is a divorce, your notice must include a copy of the divorce decree. For your convenience, we have provided a form of Notice by Qualified Beneficiaries of Initial Qualifying Event that you may use to notify the Plan Administrator of a qualifying event. You may also get a copy of this form, at no cost to you, from the Plan Administrator.

**Other Notices You Must Give:** You must also give notice of other events that are described later in this notice. For example, please refer to the later paragraphs in this notice entitled "**Disability extension of 18-Month Period of Continuation Coverage**" and "**Second Qualifying Event Extension of 18-Month Period of Continuation Coverage**" for the notice procedures and notice time periods that apply to you in those circumstances.

- the name of the plan or plans under which you lost or are losing coverage,
- the name and address of the employee covered under the plan,
- the name(s) and address(es) of the qualified beneficiary(ies),
- the qualifying event and the date of the qualifying event,
- the name of the disabled qualified beneficiary,
- the date that the qualified beneficiary became disabled, and
- the date that the SSA made its determination of disability.

Your notice must also include a copy of the SSA disability determination. For your convenience, we have prepared a form of Notice by Qualified Beneficiaries that you may use to notify Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Alabama of a SSA disability determination. You may get a copy of this form, at no cost to you, from either the Plan Administrator or Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Alabama. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Alabama within the required time period, there will be no disability extension of COBRA continuation coverage. You must also notify Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Alabama within 30 days of any revocation of Social Security disability benefits.

### **Second Qualifying Event Extension of 18-Month Period of Continuation Coverage**

If your family experiences another qualifying event while receiving 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if timely notice of the second qualifying event is properly given to the plan. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children receiving continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies, becomes enrolled in Medicare (under Part A, Part B, or both), or gets divorced, or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the plan as a dependent child, but only if the event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

For example, the former employee becoming enrolled in Medicare will rarely be a second qualifying event that would entitle the spouse or dependent children to extended COBRA coverage. This is so because, for plans that are subject to COBRA and the Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) laws, this event would not cause the spouse or dependent children to lose coverage under the plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

In order for this 18-month extension to apply, you must timely notify the Plan Administrator in writing (using the notice

procedures specified in the above paragraph on which coverage would be lost because of the event, whichever is later. In addition, your notice must also name the second qualifying event and the date of the second qualifying event. For your convenience, we have prepared a form of Notice by Qualified Beneficiaries of Second Qualifying Event that you may use to notify the Plan Administrator of a second qualifying event. You may get a copy of this form, at no cost to you, from the Plan Administrator. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the Plan Administrator during the required 60-day notice period, there will be no extension of COBRA coverage as a result of the second qualifying event.

### **Other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage**

Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at [www.healthcare.gov](http://www.healthcare.gov).

### **If You Have Questions**

Questions concerning your plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the Plan Administrator. For more information about your rights under ERISA, including COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit the EBSA web site at [www.dol.gov/ebsa](http://www.dol.gov/ebsa) (addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's web site.). For more information about the Marketplace, visit [www.HealthCare.gov](http://www.HealthCare.gov).

### **Keep Your Plan Informed of Address Changes**

In order to protect your family's rights, you should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator

### **Plan Administrator Contact Information**

Group Health Plan(s) Covered by This Notice:

Plan Administrator: Naomi Howard

Name/Position: Office Manager

Address: 4820 University Dr. NW, Unit 8, Huntsville, AL 35816

Phone Number: (256) 895-0106